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# Second Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 Pavement Analysis and Design

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

- a. List and explain the desirable factor to be considered for the design of pavement. (10 Marks)
  - b. Bringout the points of difference between flexible and rigid pavement. (10 Marks)

#### OR

- 2 a. With a neat sketch, explain the component parts of flexible pavement. (10 Marks)
  - b. Bringout the difference between highway and airport pavement. (10 Marks)

## Module-2

**3** a. Explain Burmister (Layered systems) method.

- (10 Marks)
- b. Calculate ESWL of a dual wheel assembly carrying 2004Kg each for pavement thickness 15,20 and 25cm, c/c tyre spacing is 27cm and distance between the walls of the tyre is 11cm.

  (10 Marks)

### OR

4 a. Write a note on: i) Max. wheel load ii) contact pressure.

- (08 Marks)
- b. Calculate the design repetitions for 15 year period equivalent to 2268Kg wheel load, if its mixed traffic in bolt directions is 1974 veh/day. The details of distribution and different wheel loads of commercial vehicles are given below:

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Wheel load in Kg	% in total traffic volume					
2268	25					
2722	12					
3175	09					
3629	06					
4082	04					
4536	02					
4990	01					

(12 Marks)

#### Module-3

- 5 a. Write a note empirical, semi empirical and theoretical method and flexible pavement design.
  - b. Write a note on CBR method of pavement design by cumulative standard Axle load.

(12 Marks)

#### OR

- 6 a. Explain Mc-Leod method and flexible pavement design. (06 Marks)
  - b. Design the pavement section by triaxial test method using the following data: Wheel load = 4100 Kg, X = 1.5, Y = 0.9,  $\Delta$  = 0.25cm, Radius of contract area = 15cm  $E_s = 100 \text{Kg/cm}^2$ ,  $E_b = 400 \text{Kg/cm}^2$ , E-value and 7.5cm thick bituminous concrete =  $1000 \text{Kg/cm}^2$ . (14 Marks)

## **Module-4**

- 7 a. Write a note on:
  - i) Westergaard's modulus and subgrade reaction
  - ii) Relative stiffness of slab to sub grade
  - iii) Equivalent radius of resisting section

(10 Marks)

b. Write a note on Westergaard's concept for temperature stress.

(10 Marks)

#### OR

- **8** a. Write note on:
  - i) Frictional stresses
  - ii) Combination of stresses

(10 Marks)

b. What are the considerations for design of rigid pavements?

(10 Marks)

# Module-5

- 9 a. With a neat sketch, explain the location of joints. Enumerate the functions of each joints in CC pavement. (12 Marks)
  - b. The width and expansion joint gap is 2.5cm in a CC pavement. If the laying temperature is 10°C and the max. Slab temperature in summer is 54°C. Calculate the spacing between expansion joints. Assume coefficient of Thermal expansion of concrete as 10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> per °C. (08 Marks)

## OR

10 a. Write a note on: i) CRCP (ii) SFRC iii) ICBP.

(10 Marks)

b. The max. increase in terms is expected to be 26°C after the construction of CC pavement. If the expansion gap is 2.2cm design the spacing between the expansion and contraction joints. Assume plain CC construction with C = 10 × 10<sup>-6</sup> per °C, unit weight = 2400Kg/cm<sup>3</sup>, Allowable stress in tension during initial period of curing = 0.8Kg/cm<sup>2</sup> and the coefficient of friction of the interface = 1.4. (10 Marks)

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